

FUJIFILM Holdings Corporation

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President and Chief Executive Officer

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URL: <http://www.fujifilmholdings.com/>

Financial Results (Consolidated) for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2007

Date of regular shareholders' meeting: June 28, 2007

Projected date of the beginning of cash dividends: June 29, 2007

Projected date of annual securities report: June 29, 2007

(Consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.)

1. Results of the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2007 (From April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007)

(1) OPERATING RESULTS

Amount Unit: Millions of yen unless otherwise specified
Figures are rounded to the nearest million yen

	Revenue		Operating Income		Income before Income Taxes	
		%		%		%
Year ended March 31, 2007	2,782,526	4.3	113,062	60.5	103,264	29.7
Year ended March 31, 2006	2,667,495	5.5	70,436	(57.2)	79,615	(51.0)

	Net Income		Net Income Per Share of Common Stock	Net Income Per Share of Common Stock (Assuming Full Dilution)	Ratio of Net Income to Shareholders' Equity	Ratio of Income before Income Taxes to Total Assets	Ratio of Operating income to Revenue
		%	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
Year ended March 31, 2007	34,446	(6.9)	67.46	65.04	1.7	3.3	4.1
Year ended March 31, 2006	37,016	(56.2)	72.65	72.65	1.9	2.6	2.6

(Ref) Equity in net earnings of affiliated companies (including unconsolidated subsidiaries)

Year ended March 31, 2007: ¥3,358 million Year ended March 31, 2006: ¥5,210 million

(2) FINANCIAL POSITION

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Shareholders' Equity Ratio to Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity per Share of Common Stock
			%	Yen
As of March 31, 2007	3,319,102	1,976,508	59.5	3,867.04
As of March 31, 2006	3,027,491	1,963,497	64.9	3,848.32

(3) CASH FLOWS

	Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	Net Cash used in Investing Activities	Net Cash provided by (used in) Financing Activities	Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of year
	Year ended March 31, 2007	297,276	(298,001)	158,287
Year ended March 31, 2006	272,558	(272,129)	(80,309)	218,598

2. Cash Dividends

	1 st Quarter	Interim	3 rd Quarter	Year End	Year Total	Total cash dividends	Consolidated Pay out Ratio	Ratio of Cash Dividends to Shareholder's Equity
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen		%	%
Year ended March 31, 2006	-	12.50	-	12.50	25.00	12,745	34.4	0.7
Year ended March 31, 2007	-	12.50	-	12.50	25.00	12,766	37.1	0.6
Year ended March 31, 2008 (Forecast)	-	17.50	-	17.50	35.00		14.9	

3. Forecast for the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007 to March 31, 2008)

	Revenue		Operating Income		Income before Income Taxes		Net Income		Net income per share of Common stock
		%		%		%		%	Yen
For six months ending Sept. 30, 2007	1,370,000	1.3	87,000	71.3	87,000	53.6	51,000	114.3	99.78
For Year ending March 31, 2008	2,850,000	2.4	200,000	76.9	200,000	93.7	120,000	248.4	234.78

4. Other

- (1) Changes to principal subsidiaries during the period (status changes of specified subsidiaries due to changes in the scope of consolidation)
Increase 1 (FUJIFILM Corporation), Decrease 1 (FUJIFILM Electronic Imaging Ltd.)
- (2) Changes to consolidated financial statement principles, preparation processes, disclosure methods, etc. (Description of changes to important items fundamental to financial statement preparation)
1. Changes accompanying amendment of accounting principles: Applicable
 2. Other changes: None
- (3) Number of Shares Outstanding:
- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. Issued (including treasury stock): | As of March 31, 2007: 514,625,728 | As of March 31, 2006: 514,625,728 |
| 2. Treasury stock, at cost: | As of March 31, 2007: 3,509,582 | As of March 31, 2006: 4,403,655 |
| 3. Average number of shares: | Year ended March 31, 2007: 510,620,624 | Year ended March 31, 2006: 509,525,143 |

(Reference) Summary of Financial Results (Non-Consolidated)

1. Results of the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2007 (From April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007)

(1) OPERATING RESULTS

(Figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen)

	Revenue	Operating Income	Ordinary Income	Net Income
	%	%	%	%
Year ended March 31, 2007	384,644 (48.6)	45,882 (26.1)	63,575 (24.4)	38,390 (11.5)
Year ended March 31, 2006	748,255 (1.8)	62,103 17.9	84,126 5.6	43,367 (20.7)

	Net Income Per Share of Common Stock	Net Income Per Share of Common Stock (Assuming Full Dilution)
	Yen	Yen
Year ended March 31, 2007	75.17	72.21
Year ended March 31, 2006	84.90	-

(2) FINANCIAL POSITION

	Total Assets	Net Assets	Net Asset Ratio to Total Assets	Net Assets Per Share of Common Stock
			%	Yen
As of March 31, 2007	1,815,292	1,586,939	87.4	3,104.58
As of March 31, 2006	1,868,397	1,605,810	85.9	3,146.80

Notice: Regarding Non-consolidated Performance

The Company shifted to a holding company structure on October 1, 2006. Because of this, non-consolidated performance in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007, is considerably different from in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

Note: This forecast is based on the Company's current assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it, and involves known and unknown risks and uncertainties. The Company's actual results may fluctuate materially from those discussed in the forecasted statements. See the page 5.

1. Operating Results

(1) Analysis of Results of Operations

During the fiscal year under review, economic recovery in Japan proceeded steadily due to such factors as a rise in capital investments and improvement in the employment environment amid improving corporate profitability. Overseas, the U.S. economy continued a moderate expansion despite a slight weakness newly seen in housing and capital investment, owing to the robustness of the employment environment and private-sector demand. The European economy was also robust. In Asia, growth continued in economies centering on the Chinese economy.

Amid these conditions, FUJIFILM Holdings Corporation (“the Company”) dynamically expanded its operations while utilizing digital and networking technologies to provide customers with comprehensive solutions in the imaging, information, and document businesses. Noteworthy examples of how the Company worked to strengthen and broaden the scope of its operations include the implementation of a campaign to stimulate greater demand for prints from digital camera images; the execution of measures to increase sales of high-image-quality and high-sensitivity digital cameras featuring the Company’s proprietary technologies; the boosting of manufacturing capacity for flat panel display (FPD) materials and computer-to-plate (CTP) printing plates, which are in great demand; the promotion of more-widespread use of ultrasmall-diameter endoscope products that can be inserted via the nostrils; and the expanded marketing of digital color multifunctional devices for office use that offer augmented network functions. The Company also took steps to implement structural reforms centered on the imaging field, such as manufacturing reorganization measures in the photosensitive materials and electronic imaging fields. Furthermore, the Company is proceeding quickly and resolutely with the implementation of various medium- and long-term programs aimed at building new growth strategies, such as those involving the strengthening of R&D efforts and stepping up of M&A transactions in existing growth fields as well as new business fields.

Regarding consolidated revenue during the period under review (April 1, 2006, through March 31, 2007), despite a decrease in imaging solutions sales centered on sales of color films and digital cameras, a large increase was recorded in information solutions sales centered on sales of medical products and services, CTP plates, and FPD materials. Moreover, document solutions sales also grew, reflecting robust sales of digital multifunction devices centered on sales in overseas markets. Such positive factors—together with the positive effect of the progressive depreciation of the yen against the dollar and the euro—boosted consolidated revenue, to ¥2,782.5 billion, a rise of 4.3% from the previous fiscal year. Domestic sales amounted to ¥1,303.6 billion, down 1.9%, while overseas revenue totaled ¥ 1,478.9 billion, up 10.5%.

Operating income was negatively affected by such factors as the cost-boosting impact of a surge in prices of such principal raw materials as silver and aluminum as well as expenses associated with the concentrated implementation of structural reform programs begun in the previous fiscal year and continued through the fiscal year under review and expenses associated with the Groupwide implementation of the “Slim & Strong Drive” (S&S Drive) cost reform program begun in the latter half of the fiscal year under review. However, these factors were more than offset by a rise in sales volume and a decrease in fixed costs, which enabled an improvement in gross profit, as well as by such measures as those to tighten the strategic focus of expenditures. Consequently, operating income grew considerably—by 60.5%, to ¥113.0 billion. Despite the negative impact of recognition of the decline in value of investment securities as a part of structural reform programs, income before income taxes increased 29.7%, to ¥103.2 billion. Net income declined 6.9%, to ¥34.4 billion, reflecting a rise in income taxes and other factors.

The effective currency exchange rates for the U.S. dollar and the euro against the yen during the fiscal year were ¥117 and ¥149, respectively.

The Company plans to distribute year-end cash dividends of ¥12.50 per share. As ¥12.50 per share interim cash dividends have already been distributed, cash dividends applicable to the fiscal year under review will total ¥25.00 per share.

The Company proceeded structural reforms centered on the imaging solutions operations, including personnel reduction measures associated with the reorganization of its tripolar global manufacturing

network in Japan, North America and Europe for photosensitive materials and measures to progressively streamline and optimize the staff of research, manufacturing, marketing/distribution, photoprocessing laboratory, and other units. These efforts, together with the “Slim & Strong Drive” cost reform program begun in the latter half of the fiscal year under review, led to the recording of ¥116.5 billion in expenses. Of these expenses, ¥22.4 billion was recorded in other expenses as the decline in value of investment securities.

Imaging Solutions

Fujifilm achieved a rise in color paper sales that reflected higher market share and other factors, but sales of color films and digital minilabs decreased, as did development services sales of photoprocessing laboratories. As a result, consolidated revenue in this segment amounted to ¥605.4 billion, down 12.2% compared with the previous fiscal year.

Color paper sales increased, reflecting market share growth in principal countries as well as the continued expansion of digital camera print business. Regarding digital cameras, Fujifilm recorded strong sales of digital cameras centering on two models—the FinePix F31fd compact digital camera and the slim-bodied FinePix Z5fd—that offer the Company’s characteristic high sensitivity and high image quality as well as the world’s fastest* Face Detection technology. Digital camera products, particularly entry-level models, continued to face harsh price competition and a generally challenging operating environment, but Fujifilm has made sustained efforts to improve the profitability of digital camera business through such measures as those to shift manufacturing operations to Chinese facilities and to strengthen associated supply-chain-management systems. Although sales of photofinishing equipment products been affected by a temporary cyclical weakening of demand for new installations from major customers, Fujifilm moved forward with initiatives to meet diverse photographic print-related demand, including measures to expand sales of in-store print ordering terminals to medium- and small-scale print shops and moves to develop a new series of minilabs through an alliance with Noritsu Koki Co., Ltd. Demand for color films is continuing to decrease, but the discontinuation of color film business by competing companies has enabled Fujifilm to progressively increase its market share.

*As of a February 2007 Fujifilm survey

Information Solutions

Fujifilm recorded robust sales of such products as the SYNAPSE medical-use picture archiving and communications system, endoscope products, CTP plates, and FPD materials. Moreover, FUJIFILM IMAGING COLORANTS LIMITED, which is expanding its business in ink materials for inkjet printers, has been accounted for as a consolidated subsidiary since the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year, and FUJIFILM RI Pharma Co., Ltd. (formerly Daiichi Radioisotope Laboratories Ltd.), which is engaged in radiopharmaceutical business, has been accounted for as a consolidated subsidiary since the third quarter of the fiscal year under review. Consequently, consolidated revenue in this segment grew 17.0%, to ¥1,026.1 billion, compared with the previous fiscal year.

With respect to the medical systems business, higher sales were recorded of such equipment and materials as FCR (Fuji Computed Radiography) and dry films, and sales of SYNAPSE medical-use picture archiving and communications systems also grew. In addition, the FCR mammography system became the first CR system in the world to receive premarket approval (PMA) from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. The PMA has made it possible for Fujifilm to begin marketing FCR mammography systems in the United States, and these systems are contributing to the rise in medical system product sales. In endoscope products, domestic and overseas customers gave high evaluations to Fujifilm’s lineup of distinctive products centered on the Transnasal Endoscope, and sales of these products grew considerably. In graphic arts business, the increasing use of CTP products kept sales of graphic arts films somewhat weak, but Fujifilm was able to greatly increase its CTP product sales by leveraging the benefits of its powerful quadripolar global manufacturing network. Fujifilm’s sales of FPD

materials grew, reflecting increasing demand for the Company's mainstay FUJITAC and WV Film products as well as contributions from high-value-added film product sales. Regarding recording media, despite continued harsh price competition in the mid-range data storage media market, Fujifilm recorded higher sales of its mainstay LTO Ultrium 3 in the mid-range data storage media market and of data cartridge products used for the IBM TotalStorage® Enterprise Tape Drive 3592 in the high-end enterprise data storage product market. Regarding Fujifilm's office and industrial operations, in the field of optical devices, Fujifilm's lens units for camera phones were highly evaluated in the market for their compactness, lightness, high image quality, and autofocus and zoom capabilities, and sales of these products grew.

Notes: LTO and Ultrium are trademarks of IBM, Hewlett-Packard, and Quantum in the United States, other countries.

Document Solutions

Strong exports of color digital multifunction devices to North American and European markets and robust sales of such devices in the Asia-Pacific region including China were primary factors contributing to a 4.6% increase in consolidated revenue in this segment compared with the previous fiscal year, to ¥1,151.0 billion.

In the office products business, the Company has strengthened the capabilities of its domestic ApeosPort-II C7500/C6500/C5400 series of medium- and high-speed color multifunction devices to meet demand for integrating paper document management with mission-critical information systems and for better overall document security, and the sales of these products expanded. The Company maintained strong exports of medium- and high-speed color digital multifunction devices and high-speed monochrome digital multifunction devices to North America and Europe, recording sales volume considerably higher than in the previous fiscal year, and the sales volume of color digital multifunction devices in the Asia-Pacific region including China was also up greatly.

Regarding office printer operations, the unit sales declined due to inventory adjustments by domestic OEM customers, but higher sales volume was recorded for its own brand line of office printers, reflecting the launch of DocuPrint C3050—a low-priced, space-saving, A3 capable color laser printer. Moreover, the volume of OEM sales to North America and Europe surged, reflecting a high evaluation of the performance and price of the Company's medium-speed monochrome models. In the Asia-Pacific region including China, large sales volume rises were recorded for both color and monochrome printers.

In the production services business, the Company greatly increased its sales volume of color on-demand publishing systems in the digital printing markets of Japan as well as China and other Asian countries. The Company strengthened its lineup of products in the growing digital printing market with the launch of a new color entry-level model, the DocuColor 5000 Digital Press, and a monochrome, high-speed, high-definition, medium-scale system, the DocuCentre f1100 GA.

In the office services business, a decline was seen in sales of electronic household registration systems, for which a special high level of demand was seen during the previous fiscal year, but growth in document outsourcing business was sustained. In addition, strengthening internal control systems in response to the Corporate Law of Japan and the legal requirements related to internal control systems (i.e., JSOX) has become an urgent management task for many Japanese companies, and the Company created a specialized marketing team focused exclusively on internal control system related business and strengthened the marketing of Apeos PEMaster software to support internal control systems.

Outlook for the Next Fiscal Year

Looking at prospective trends in the Company's operating environment during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2008, the Company's imaging solutions units are expected to face a continuing decrease in demand for color films but further increase their share of markets for color films as well as color paper. Information solutions and document solutions units are expected to face intensifying competition against

other companies as well as such positive situations as a progressive increase in the use of IT and networking in the medical image diagnostic field, a continued rise in the use of CTP plate and growth in the digital printing such as print-on-demand printing in the commercial printing industry, an increase in the size of LCD panels, and the full-scale diffusion of digital color multifunction devices in overseas markets.

At the same time, there is concern that the Company's performance will be affected by such outside factors as the continued high level of principal raw materials prices and currency exchange rate trends, and changes to the depreciation system accompanying tax reforms are expected to have the effect of increasing expenses from the fiscal year ending March 2008. Moreover, a temporary increase in expenses is anticipated in connection with the process of accelerating the "Slim & Strong Drive." The aggregated effect of these factors is expected to reduce operating income by approximately ¥30.0 billion.

On the other hand, the Company is anticipating business growth centered on information solutions and document solutions operations, and the fixed cost reduction benefits of previously implemented structural reforms are expected to be fully elicited. These factors are projected to offset the aforementioned negative factors.

Consequently, the Company anticipates a V-shaped recovery in its performance in fiscal year ending March 31, 2008. Specifically, on a consolidated basis, the Company projects ¥2,850.0 billion in revenue (up 2.4% from the previous year), ¥200.0 billion in operating income (up 76.9%), ¥200.0 billion in income before income taxes (up 93.7%), and ¥120.0 billion in net income (3.5 times). All these projection figures represent new record high performance levels.

The projected currency exchange rates for the U.S. dollar and the euro against the yen during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2008 are ¥115 (up ¥2) and ¥145 (up ¥4), respectively.

VISION75 Medium-Term Management Plan

Building New Growth Strategies

In medical systems operations, the Company acquired all the shares of Daiichi Radioisotope Laboratories, Ltd. (DRL) (renamed FUJIFILM RI Pharma Co., Ltd.), a leading manufacturer of diagnostic radiopharmaceuticals. DRL was a subsidiary of Daiichi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., which is a group company of Daiichi Sankyo Co., Ltd. On October 2, 2006, DRL began operating as a wholly owned subsidiary of FUJIFILM Corporation. As a pioneer of radiopharmaceuticals in Japan, DRL has undertaken research, development, manufacturing, and marketing operations related to a broad range of products used in various types of examination, diagnosis, and treatment processes. The inclusion of DRL within the Fujifilm Group is expected to facilitate further expansion of the Group's business into the areas of nuclear medical imaging diagnosis and therapeutic radiopharmaceuticals.

Also, through one of its U.S. sales subsidiaries in this business sector, FUJIFILM Medical Systems USA, Inc., Fujifilm purchased all shares of Problem Solving Concepts, Inc., a U.S. company. Problem Solving Concepts develops and sells its original Cardiology-PACS medical imaging information system, which is used to facilitate the diagnosis and treatment of heart disease. Through this acquisition, Fujifilm will now be able to integrate Cardiology-PACS with its SYNAPSE system, thus making it possible to advance the SYNAPSE system to become a diagnostic imaging information system capable of handling a broader range of medical imaging. Fujifilm will introduce the integrated SYNAPSE to worldwide facilities that require image information sharing solutions between radiology and cardiology departments.

In life science operations, Fujifilm has begun business in the healthcare field. Launched in September 2006, the Company's first products in this field are "F Square I," a series of functional skin care cosmetics, and "F Cube I," a series of internal care products. During many years of operations, Fujifilm has accumulated a broad spectrum of core technologies that have deep involvement in the life of human beings and can be effectively applied to the healthcare field. In addition to functional skin care cosmetics

and internal care products, the Company intends to expand the scope of its life science operations to encompass advanced medical therapies.

In graphic arts operations, Fujifilm is working to respond to growing worldwide demand for printing plates centered on CTP plates by strengthening its global quadripolar manufacturing network of bases in the United States, the Netherlands, China, and Japan. Besides the autumn 2006 expansion of the Netherlands factory's capacity, Fujifilm in March 2007 began full-scale operations at the factory of FUJIFILM Printing Plate (SUZHOU) Co., Ltd., which is the Fujifilm Group's second PS plate/CTP plate manufacturing facility in China, following the facility of FUJIFILM STARLIGHT Co., Ltd. The resulting increase in production capacity is expected to enable Fujifilm to realize still greater business growth in Chinese rapidly expanding markets as well respond to demand in other Asian countries.

In FPD materials operations, LCD market expansion is continuing to generate huge demand for Fujifilm's mainstay FUJITAC product, and the Company is moving forward with plans to expand its manufacturing capacity for this product. At Fujifilm's core FUJITAC production base, which is operated by FUJIFILM Kyushu Co., Ltd., the No. 1 production line began operating in October 2006 and the No. 2 production line began operating in February 2007. In addition, Fujifilm has decided to construct a new plant with R&D capabilities for FPD materials at the Kanagawa Factory Ashigara site. Scheduled to begin operating in April 2008, the new plant will work to develop and efficiently manufacture ultrawide FUJITAC suitable for large LCD televisions of over 40 inches.

Regarding the inkjet field, in July 2006, Fujifilm acquired U.S.-based Dimatix, Inc.—the leading manufacturer of industrial inkjet printheads used for an expanding range of applications, including large-scale posters, labels, and packaging—which has been renamed FUJIFILM Dimatix, Inc. By combining its own advanced ink technologies with Dimatix's leading-edge inkjet printhead technologies, Fujifilm intends to develop unrivaled high-quality imaging, realize image outputting on various new materials, and expand its industrial inkjet business.

Regarding the strengthening the R&D functions, in April 2006, Fujifilm established the FUJIFILM Advanced Research Laboratories to serve as the core R&D facility for the Fujifilm Group, conduct cross-sectional fundamental research, and develop core technologies that are the foundation of new business and products. The new center comprises three corporate laboratories—the Frontier Core-Technology Laboratories, the Synthetic Organic Chemistry Laboratories, and the Advanced Marking Research Laboratories—that are working to create technologies that sharply differentiate Fujifilm's offerings from those of competing companies, primarily by integrating their respective technologies to develop highly functional materials, devices, and systems. In addition, to bolster and expand its future key business field of medical and life science technologies, Fujifilm located its Life Science Research Laboratories within the new research center. By fusing market needs with the technological seeds of the advanced materials and devices developed by the three corporate laboratories, Fujifilm will develop groundbreaking innovative products with high-added value.

Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd. ("Fuji Xerox"), which is responsible for the Group's document solutions business, has acquired land in Yokohama (i.e., Minato Mirai 21) and has decided to establish a new R&D facility. While Fuji Xerox's main R&D units are currently dispersed in eight locations, plans call for consolidating those units at two locations—the Ebina facility, which is positioned as a key base for manufacturing-related R&D, and the new R&D center to be created in Yokohama. The new R&D center will augment communications with customers in order to promote rapid responses to changing market needs and will also seek to make the most of Fuji Xerox's overall R&D capabilities by facilitating product development projects involving horizontal collaboration among development staff in different fields. In addition, the center is expected to generate various other benefits, such as the reduction of development lead times as well as an increase in R&D efficiency due to the consolidation of facilities.

Implementing Comprehensive Structural Reforms at All Management Levels

Among its structural reform initiatives from an overall management perspective, Fujifilm was moving forward with reforms in the Imaging Solutions segment during the two-year period until March 31, 2007. As for the photosensitive materials businesses, the Company reorganized its global manufacturing system in Japan, North America, and Europe; streamlined the workforce and thoroughly cut selling expenses at marketing and distribution units; greatly reduced R&D investment; and moved forward with the streamlining of photoprocessing laboratories. In the electronic imaging business, including the digital cameras business, the Company has implemented measures to strengthen its lineup with special characteristics centered on high-sensitivity performance, shrunk its domestic manufacturing network, and established a China-based manufacturing system, thoroughly reduced operating costs, and comprehensively reduced inventory levels by upgrading supply chain management (SCM) systems. Structural reform measures centered on imaging solutions proceeded smoothly and were completed at the end of March 2007.

Enhancing Consolidated Management

The FUJIFILM Group shifted to a holding company structure as of October 1, 2006. Under FUJIFILM Holding Corporation, which is now responsible for the overall management of the Group, the Group is developing its operations through a new Group management structure centered on FUJIFILM Corporation, which is responsible for imaging solutions and information solutions operations, and Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd. (“Fuji Xerox”), which is responsible for document solutions operations. In February 2007, all three of these core Group companies moved into the Tokyo Midtown, a newly developed complex in Roppongi, Tokyo. This amalgamation of Group forces is expected to result in expanded strategic collaboration and the realization of specific synergistic benefits.

In addition, building on the opportunity that this transition to a new system of organization represents, the FUJIFILM Group has begun to implement its S&S Drive to realize an even stronger corporate structure. Key to this drive will be the implementation of thoroughgoing measures to enhance the efficiency and prioritize the allocation of selling, general and administrative (SG&A), R&D, manufacturing, and other expenditures in all Group entities. One of the targets of the S&S Drive will be to lower the ratio of SG&A expenditures to revenue to the 20% to 25% range by the fiscal year ending March 31, 2010, which will be the final year of the VISION75 Medium-Term Management Plan.

(2) Financial Position

Net cash inflow provided by operating activities amounted to ¥ 297.3 billion, up ¥ 24.8 billion. Net cash used in investing activities totaled ¥ 298.0 billion, and net cash provided by financing activities totaled ¥ 158.3 billion. As a result, cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year under review amounted to ¥ 384.7 billion, up ¥ 166.1 billion from the previous fiscal year-end.

Cash Flow Indices (consolidated)

	Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007
Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets (%)	64.9	59.5
Ratio of market capitalization to total assets (%)	66.2	74.2
Ratio of interest-bearing debt to operating cash flow (%)	0.6	1.3
Interest coverage ratio (times)	70.1	46.8

Notes:

1. Market capitalization equals the stock price at the end of the year multiplied by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.
2. Interest-bearing debt includes corporate debt securities and short- and long-term debt.
3. Interest coverage ratio: Operating cash flow divided by interest paid

(3) Basic Policy Regarding Distribution of Profits

The Company's basic policy regarding the distribution of profits is to provide shareholders with stable dividends as well as to maintain sufficient internal reserves to strengthen the management foundation, permitting it to support an aggressive expansion of its business activities while being prepared for sudden changes in the business environment. As described in the "Outlook for the Next Fiscal Year" section, the Company plans to attain record high performance indicators in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2008, and the Company is also seeking to boost its operating income to at least ¥250.0 billion by the fiscal year ending March 31, 2010. Aiming to proactively distribute growing profits to shareholders in line with the timing of the anticipated V-shaped recovery in its performance, the Company has established the following new basic policy on the distribution of profits to shareholders, which is effective from the fiscal year ending March 31, 2008.

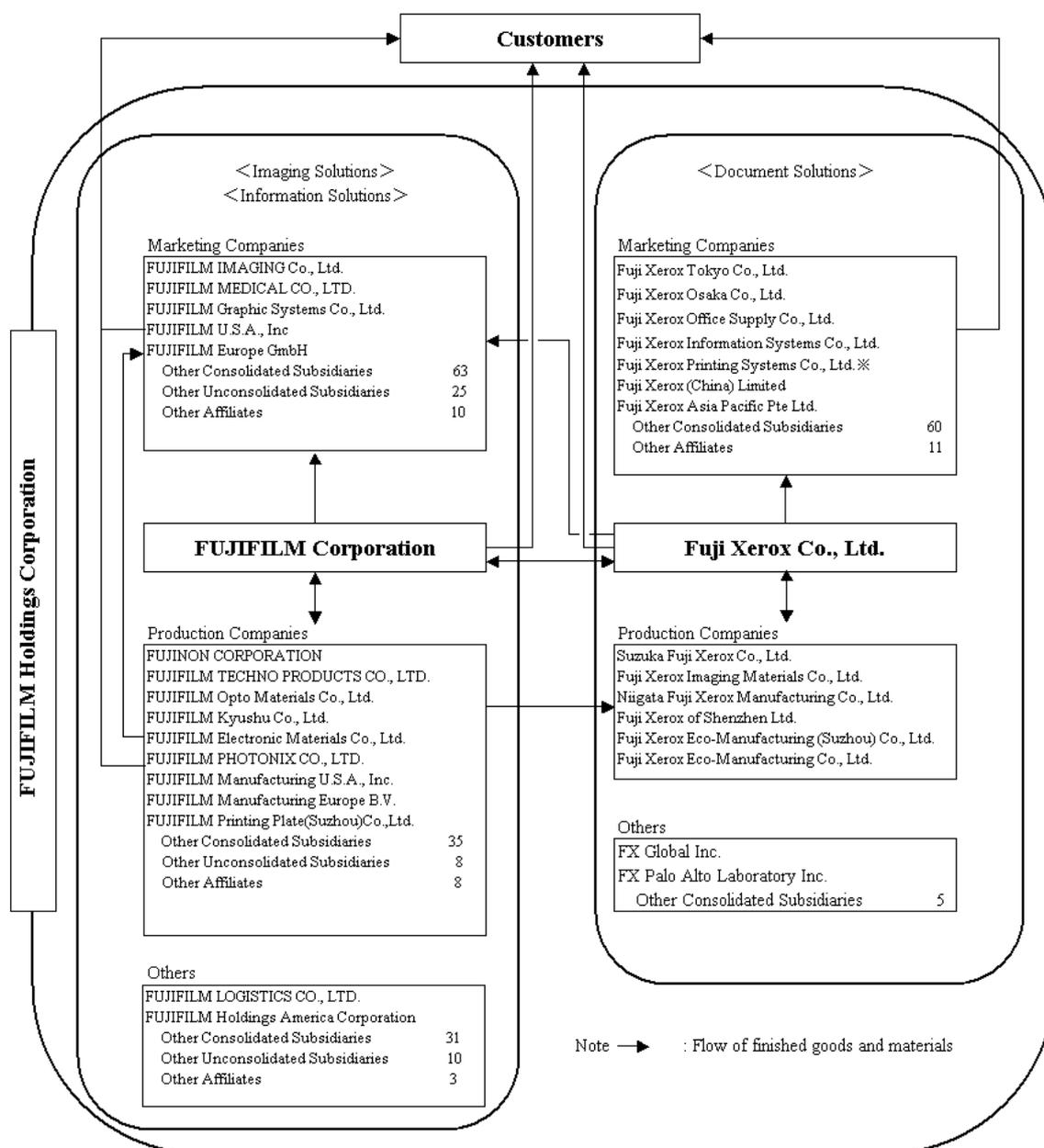
(New) Basic Policy on the Distribution of Profits to Shareholders

In addition to reflecting consolidated performance trends, dividend levels are to be determined based on consideration of such factors as the level of cash required for capital and R&D investments needed to support future business expansion as well as other measures aimed at increasing the Company's corporate value in the future. As a means of supplementing dividends, the Company will also flexibly move to employ surplus cash flow to buyback shares in a manner that contributes to greater capital efficiency. Considering the current time as a period of "Second Foundation," the Company is intensively implementing capital investments, M&A transactions, and R&D investments in its priority business fields. In view of this situation, the Company has targeted a return to shareholders ratio of 25%, which represents the ratio of total of cash dividends and share buybacks to consolidated net income.

2. THE FUJIFILM GROUP

The FUJIFILM Group (“the Group”) shifted to a holding company structure as of October 1, 2006. Under FUJIFILM Holdings Corporation (“the Company”), which is now responsible for the overall management of the Group, the Group is developing its operations through a new Group management structure centered on FUJIFILM Corporation, which is responsible for imaging solutions and information solutions operations, and Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., (“Fuji Xerox”) which is responsible for document solutions operations. At the end of the year ended March 31, 2007, the FUJIFILM Group comprised FUJIFILM Holdings Corporation 270 subsidiaries and 32 affiliated companies. The status of the Company and its main subsidiaries and affiliates in each segment are outlined as follows:

	Description	Main companies
Imaging Solutions	Color films, digital cameras, photofinishing Equipment, color paper and chemicals and services for photofinishing, etc.	FUJIFILM Corporation, FUJIFILM IMAGING Co., Ltd., FUJIFILM PHOTONIX CO., LTD., FUJIFILM U.S.A., Inc., FUJIFILM Europe GmbH, FUJIFILM Manufacturing U.S.A., Inc., FUJIFILM Manufacturing Europe B.V. etc.
Information Solutions	Equipment and materials for medical system and life science, equipment and materials for graphic arts, flat panel display materials, recording media, optical devices, electronic materials and inkjet materials, etc.	FUJIFILM Corporation, FUJIFILM MEDICAL CO., LTD., FUJINON CORPORATION, FUJIFILM TECHNO PRODUCTS CO., LTD., FUJIFILM Graphic Systems Co., Ltd., FUJIFILM Opto Materials Co., Ltd., FUJIFILM Kyushu Co., Ltd., FUJIFILM Electronic Materials Co., Ltd., FUJIFILM U.S.A., Inc., FUJIFILM Europe GmbH, FUJIFILM Manufacturing U.S.A., Inc., FUJIFILM Manufacturing Europe B.V., FUJIFILM Printing Plate (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. etc.
Document Solutions	Office copy machines /MFPs, printers, production systems and services; paper; consumables and office services, etc.	Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox Tokyo Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox Osaka Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox Office Supply Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox Information Systems Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox Printing Systems Co., Ltd.*, Suzuka Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox Imaging Materials Co., Ltd. Niigata Fuji Xerox Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox (China) Limited, Fuji Xerox Asia Pacific Pte Ltd., Fuji Xerox of Shenzhen Ltd., Fuji Xerox Eco-Manufacturing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., Fuji Xerox Eco-Manufacturing Co., Ltd., FX Global Inc., FX Palo Alto Laboratories Inc. etc.



*Fuji Xerox Printing Systems Co., Ltd. was integrated by Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd. as of April 1, 2007.

3. Management Policies

Medium- and Long-Term Strategies and Essential Tasks

Noting that changes in its operating environment are proceeding even more quickly than anticipated, the Company has drafted VISION75 (2006), a new, updated version of the VISION75 medium-term management plan. Announced in April 2006, VISION75 (2006) retains VISION75's three fundamental strategies of "building new growth strategies," "implementing comprehensive structural reforms at all management levels," and "enhancing consolidated management." In addition, the new plan emphasizes the following efforts:

- We will right-size photosensitive materials operations and implement other fundamental structural reforms centered on the imaging field that thoroughly increase operational efficiency, streamline operations, and create a business structure capable of sustaining profitability growth in the future.
- We will designate highly functional materials (FPD materials, electronic materials, inkjet ink, synthetic chemicals, etc.), medical and life science, graphic arts, document solutions, and optical devices as priority business fields and powerfully promote strategic growth in those fields.
- We will further tighten the focus of R&D investment and seek to quickly create new businesses and products that will play a leading role in the future.
- We will take advantage of the shift to a holding-company structure by further strengthening consolidated management systems, with an eye to maximizing the overall value of the Fujifilm Group.

During the fiscal year under review, the Company completed numerous structural reform measures centered on imaging solutions operations, worked to expand its business through proactive investments and M&A transactions in growing fields, established the FUJIFILM Advanced Research Laboratories to serve as the core R&D facility for the Fujifilm Group, and strengthened its consolidated management systems by adopting a holding-company structure and bringing together the headquarters functions of the three main Group companies (Fujifilm Holdings, Fujifilm, and Fuji Xerox) in the Tokyo Midtown Building. To date, these strategic measures have been implemented approximately on schedule according to VISION75 (2006), but we have now renovated that plan with the launch of VISION75 (2007), which calls for implementing strategic measures with still-greater dynamism, taking steps to further increase the certitude of future business growth, and transforming the Group in a manner that can be characterized as being a "Second Foundation."

VISION75 (2007) has two main themes—"moving still further ahead with growth strategies" and "creating a strong corporate structure." In line with the new plan, the Company will further step up its investments in priority business fields. At the same time, the Company is resolutely and speedily implementing its "Slim & Strong Drive"—designed to reduce manufacturing costs and SG&A expenses through comprehensive Groupwide cost reforms—and striving to concretely realize its shared services concept—which calls for increasing the commonality, efficiency, and functionality of administrative support divisions.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	As of March 31, 2007		As of March 31, 2006		Change
ASSETS	%		%		
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	384,719		218,598		166,121
Marketable securities	48,536		69,829		(21,293)
Notes and accounts receivable:					
Trade and finance	597,985		548,586		49,399
Affiliated companies	23,952		33,272		(9,320)
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(16,345)		(15,543)		(802)
	605,592		566,315		39,277
Inventories	393,594		385,463		8,131
Deferred income taxes	100,440		96,030		4,410
Prepaid expenses and other	52,368		36,225		16,143
Total current assets	47.8	1,585,249	45.3	1,372,460	212,789
Investments and long-term receivables:					
Investments in and advances to affiliated companies	44,782		54,283		(9,501)
Investment securities	336,886		310,152		26,734
Long-term finance and other receivables	106,979		102,773		4,206
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(3,975)		(4,357)		382
Total investments and long-term receivables	14.6	484,672	15.3	462,851	21,821
Property, plant and equipment:					
Land	92,400		77,469		14,931
Buildings	634,045		602,585		31,460
Machinery and equipment	1,674,487		1,647,474		27,013
Construction in progress	44,444		41,742		2,702
	2,445,376		2,369,270		76,106
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,672,344)		(1,617,885)		(54,459)
Total property, plant and equipment	23.3	773,032	24.8	751,385	21,647
Other assets:					
Goodwill, net	257,866		233,547		24,319
Other intangible assets, net	59,397		52,767		6,630
Deferred income taxes	53,798		38,217		15,581
Other	105,088		116,264		(11,176)
Total other assets	14.3	476,149	14.6	440,795	35,354
Total Assets	100.0	3,319,102	100.0	3,027,491	291,611

	As of March 31, 2007		As of March 31, 2006		Change
LIABILITIES	%		%		
Current liabilities:					
Short-term debt	106,043		99,088		6,955
Notes and accounts payable:					
Trade	279,470		255,423		24,047
Construction	49,548		49,764		(216)
Affiliated companies	4,887		7,322		(2,435)
	333,905		312,509		21,396
Accrued income taxes	41,034		36,547		4,487
Accrued liabilities	225,848		214,993		10,855
Other current liabilities	74,534		59,769		14,765
Total current liabilities	23.5	781,364	23.9	722,906	58,458
Long-term liabilities:					
Long-term debt	267,965		74,329		193,636
Accrued pension and severance costs	84,510		44,215		40,295
Deferred income taxes	54,268		64,348		(10,080)
Customers' guarantee deposits and other	42,459		38,647		3,812
Total long-term liabilities	13.6	449,202	7.3	221,539	227,663
Minority interests in subsidiaries	3.4	112,028	3.9	119,549	(7,521)
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Common stock:	40,363		40,363		-
Authorized: 800,000,000 shares					
Issued: 514,625,728 shares					
Additional paid-in capital	68,412		68,412		-
Retained earnings	1,840,168		1,818,610		21,558
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	40,950		52,917		(11,967)
Treasury stock, at cost					
As of March 31, 2006: 4,403,655 shares					
As of March 31, 2007: 3,509,582 shares	(13,385)		(16,805)		3,420
Total shareholders' equity	59.5	1,976,508	64.9	1,963,497	13,011
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	100.0	3,319,102	100.0	3,027,491	291,611

Note: Details of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

	As of March 31, 2007	As of March 31, 2006	Change
Unrealized gains on securities	46,231	53,119	(6,888)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	39,404	11,865	27,539
Pension liability adjustments	(44,694)	(12,078)	(32,616)
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives	9	11	(2)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:						
Sales		2,399,636		2,300,842	98,794	4.3
Rentals		382,890		366,653	16,237	4.4
	100.0	2,782,526	100.0	2,667,495	115,031	4.3
Cost of sales:						
Sales		1,478,828		1,435,757	43,071	3.0
Rentals		159,509		158,047	1,462	0.9
	58.9	1,638,337	59.8	1,593,804	44,533	2.8
Gross profit	41.1	1,144,189	40.2	1,073,691	70,498	6.6
Operating expenses:						
Selling, general and administrative	27.3	760,042	27.6	735,058	24,984	3.4
Research and development	6.4	177,004	6.8	182,154	(5,150)	(2.8)
Restructuring and other charges	3.3	94,081	3.2	86,043	8,038	9.3
	37.0	1,031,127	37.6	1,003,255	27,872	2.8
Operating income	4.1	113,062	2.6	70,436	42,626	60.5
Other income (expenses):						
Interest and dividend income		11,376		8,133	3,243	
Interest expense		(6,351)		(3,886)	(2,465)	
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net		6,746		7,526	(780)	
Decline in value of investment securities		(23,946)		(122)	(23,824)	
Other, net		2,377		(2,472)	4,849	
	(0.4)	(9,798)	0.4	9,179	(18,977)	-
Income before income taxes	3.7	103,264	3.0	79,615	23,649	29.7
Income taxes						
Current		62,910		52,756	10,154	19.2
Deferred		(3,377)		(17,732)	14,355	(81.0)
	2.1	59,533	1.3	35,024	24,509	70.0
Income before minority interests and equity in net earnings of affiliated companies	1.6	43,731	1.7	44,591	(860)	(1.9)
Minority interests	(0.5)	(12,643)	(0.5)	(12,785)	142	1.1
Equity in net earnings of affiliated companies	0.1	3,358	0.2	5,210	(1,852)	(35.5)
Net income	1.2	34,446	1.4	37,016	(2,570)	(6.9)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006	Change
Operating activities			
Net income	34,446	37,016	(2,570)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	215,429	225,434	(10,005)
Impairment losses for long-lived assets and goodwill	12,202	42,121	(29,919)
Decline in value of investment securities	23,946	122	23,824
Deferred income taxes	(3,377)	(17,732)	14,355
Minority interests	12,643	12,785	(142)
Equity in net earnings of affiliated companies, less dividends received	(1,987)	(3,899)	1,912
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Notes and accounts receivable	(9,637)	(7,223)	(2,414)
Inventories	10,976	15,118	(4,142)
Notes and accounts payable - trade	12,700	(33,486)	46,186
Accrued income taxes and other liabilities	1,326	(9,909)	11,235
Other	(11,391)	12,211	(23,602)
Subtotal	262,830	235,542	27,288
Net cash provided by operating activities	297,276	272,558	24,718
Investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(172,572)	(186,980)	14,408
Purchases of software	(20,483)	(16,693)	(3,790)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of marketable and investment securities	109,116	83,629	25,487
Purchases of marketable and investment securities	(146,911)	(58,757)	(88,154)
(Increase) decrease in investments in and advances to affiliated companies	1,383	(19,237)	20,620
Acquisitions of businesses and minority interests, net of cash acquired	(45,741)	(40,587)	(5,154)
Other	(22,793)	(33,504)	10,711
Net cash used in investing activities	(298,001)	(272,129)	(25,872)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from long-term debt	200,568	1,728	198,840
Repayments of long-term debt	(29,725)	(21,452)	(8,273)
Decrease (increase) in short-term debt, net	6,120	(43,119)	49,239
Cash dividends paid	(12,754)	(12,734)	(20)
Cash dividends paid to minority shareholders	(5,220)	(4,941)	(279)
Sales (Purchases) of stock for treasury, net	(702)	209	(911)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	158,287	(80,309)	238,596
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	8,559	10,321	(1,762)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	166,121	(69,559)	235,680
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	218,598	288,157	(69,559)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	384,719	218,598	166,121

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income(loss)	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at March 31, 2005	40,363	68,135	1,794,385	(33,525)	(20,256)	1,849,102
Comprehensive income:						
Net income	-	-	37,016	-	-	37,016
Net increase in unrealized gains on securities	-	-	-	27,311	-	27,311
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	37,323	-	37,323
Minimum pension liability adjustments	-	-	-	21,822	-	21,822
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives	-	-	-	(14)	-	(14)
Net comprehensive income						123,458
Purchases of stock for treasury	-	-	-	-	(80)	(80)
Sales of stock from treasury	-	-	(46)	-	3,531	3,485
Cash dividends applicable to earnings of the year	-	-	(12,745)	-	-	(12,745)
Other	-	277	-	-	-	277
Balance at March 31, 2006	40,363	68,412	1,818,610	52,917	(16,805)	1,963,497
Comprehensive income:						
Net income	-	-	34,446	-	-	34,446
Net increase in unrealized gains on securities	-	-	-	(6,888)	-	(6,888)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	27,539	-	27,539
Minimum pension liability adjustments	-	-	-	(13,729)	-	(13,729)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
Net comprehensive income						41,366
Adjustment to initially apply SFAS 158, net of tax	-	-	-	(18,887)	-	(18,887)
Purchases of stock for treasury	-	-	-	-	(711)	(711)
Sales of stock from treasury	-	-	(122)	-	4,131	4,009
Cash dividends applicable to earnings of the year	-	-	(12,766)	-	-	(12,766)
Balance at March 31, 2007	40,363	68,412	1,840,168	40,950	(13,385)	1,976,508

DETAILS OF CONSOLIDATED REVENUE

(1) Revenue by product

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:						
Imaging Solutions	21.7%	605,383	25.8%	689,458	(84,075)	(12.2)
Information Solutions	36.9%	1,026,085	32.9%	877,366	148,719	17.0
Document Solutions	41.4%	1,151,058	41.3%	1,100,671	50,387	4.6
Consolidated total	100.0%	2,782,526	100.0%	2,667,495	115,031	4.3

Note: The major products and services of each operating segment are as follows:

Imaging Solutions	Color films, digital cameras, photofinishing equipment and color paper, chemicals and services for photofinishing
Information Solutions	Equipment and materials for medical system and life science, equipment and materials for graphic arts, flat panel display materials, recording media, optical devices, electronic materials and inkjet materials
Document Solutions	Office copy machines/MFPs, printers, production systems and services, paper, consumables and office services

(2) Domestic and overseas revenue

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:						
Domestic	46.9%	1,303,647	49.8%	1,329,284	(25,637)	(1.9)
Overseas						
The Americas	20.6%	572,797	20.9%	558,702	14,095	2.5
Europe	15.2%	422,965	14.1%	375,516	47,449	12.6
Asia and others	17.3%	483,117	15.2%	403,993	79,124	19.6
Subtotal	53.1%	1,478,879	50.2%	1,338,211	140,668	10.5
Consolidated total	100.0%	2,782,526	100.0%	2,667,495	115,031	4.3

SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) Operating segments

Revenue and Operating Income

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:						
Imaging Solutions:						
External customers	21.7%	605,383	25.8%	689,458	(84,075)	(12.2)
Intersegment		899		618	281	-
Total		606,282		690,076	(83,794)	(12.1)
Information Solutions:						
External customers	36.9%	1,026,085	32.9%	877,366	148,719	17.0
Intersegment		2,818		2,965	(147)	-
Total		1,028,903		880,331	148,572	16.9
Document Solutions:						
External customers	41.4%	1,151,058	41.3%	1,100,671	50,387	4.6
Intersegment		12,187		12,478	(291)	-
Total		1,163,245		1,113,149	50,096	4.5
Eliminations		(15,904)		(16,061)	157	-
Consolidated total	100.0%	2,782,526	100.0%	2,667,495	115,031	4.3

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Operating Income (Loss):						
Imaging Solutions	(7.0)%	(42,631)	(11.0)%	(75,713)	33,082	43.7
Information Solutions	9.2%	95,170	9.0%	79,056	16,114	20.4
Document Solutions	5.3%	61,186	6.0%	67,026	(5,840)	(8.7)
Total		113,725		70,369	43,356	61.6
Corporate expenses and eliminations		(663)		67	(730)	-
Consolidated total	4.1%	113,062	2.6%	70,436	42,626	60.5

(Ref.)

Restructuring charges included in the operating income and loss by operating segment

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006	Change
Restructuring charges:			
Imaging Solutions	60,121	77,401	(17,280)
Information Solutions	17,269	8,642	8,627
Document Solutions	16,691	-	16,691
Consolidated total	94,081	86,043	8,038

Note: The major products and services of each operating segment are as follows:

Imaging Solutions	Color films, digital cameras, photofinishing equipment and color paper, chemicals and services for photofinishing
Information Solutions	Equipment and materials for medical diagnostics and life science, equipment and materials for graphic arts, flat panel display materials, recording media, optical devices, electronic materials and inkjet materials
Document Solutions	Office copy machines/MFPs, printers, production systems and services, paper, consumables and office services

(b) Assets

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	As of March 31, 2007	As of March 31, 2006	Change	
			Amount	%
Total assets:				
Imaging Solutions	542,419	610,536	(68,117)	(11.2)
Information Solutions	1,242,844	1,031,933	210,911	20.4
Document Solutions	1,056,374	984,906	71,468	7.3
Subtotal	2,841,637	2,627,375	214,262	8.2
Eliminations	(5,292)	(4,207)	(1,085)	-
Corporate assets	482,757	404,323	78,434	19.4
Consolidated total	3,319,102	3,027,491	291,611	9.6

(c) Depreciation and amortization, and Capital expenditures

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006	Change	
			Amount	%
Depreciation and amortization:				
Imaging Solutions	52,818	75,339	(22,521)	(29.9)
Information Solutions	88,147	80,879	7,268	9.0
Document Solutions	74,333	69,216	5,117	7.4
Corporate	131	-	131	-
Consolidated total	215,429	225,434	(10,005)	(4.4)
Capital expenditures:				
Imaging Solutions	19,827	24,901	(5,074)	(20.4)
Information Solutions	95,947	114,124	(18,177)	(15.9)
Document Solutions	48,127	40,783	7,344	18.0
Corporate	1,258	-	1,258	-
Consolidated total	165,159	179,808	(14,649)	(8.1)

(2) Geographic information

(a) Revenue and Operating income

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:						
Japan						
External customers	59.9%	1,666,182	62.5%	1,666,130	52	0.0
Intersegment		459,120		385,242	73,878	-
Total		2,125,302		2,051,372	73,930	3.6
The Americas						
External customers	17.7%	491,129	17.1%	456,461	34,668	7.6
Intersegment		25,021		26,575	(1,554)	-
Total		516,150		483,036	33,114	6.9
Europe						
External customers	12.2%	340,246	11.5%	307,535	32,711	10.6
Intersegment		18,536		13,279	5,257	-
Total		358,782		320,814	37,968	11.8
Asia and others						
External customers	10.2%	284,969	8.9%	237,369	47,600	20.1
Intersegment		316,774		236,060	80,714	-
Total		601,743		473,429	128,314	27.1
Eliminations		(819,451)		(661,156)	(158,295)	-
Consolidated total	100.0%	2,782,526	100.0%	2,667,495	115,031	4.3

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Operating Income (Loss):						
Japan	4.1%	86,999	3.2%	66,169	20,830	31.5
The Americas	(2.5)%	(12,927)	(3.0)%	(14,434)	1,507	10.4
Europe	(0.7)%	(2,356)	(3.8)%	(12,300)	9,944	80.8
Asia and others	6.8%	41,056	5.5%	25,804	15,252	59.1
Eliminations		290		5,197	(4,907)	-
Consolidated total	4.1%	113,062	2.6%	70,436	42,626	60.5

(b) Long - lived assets

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	As of March 31, 2007	As of March 31, 2006	Change	
			Amount	%
Long - lived assets:				
Japan	588,054	562,455	25,599	4.6
The Americas	58,001	80,387	(22,386)	(27.8)
Europe	71,084	70,458	626	0.9
Asia and others	55,893	38,085	17,808	46.8
Consolidated total	773,032	751,385	21,647	2.9

MARKETABLE AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Fair Value on Marketable and Investment Securities

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	As of March 31, 2007				As of March 31, 2006			
	Cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Estimated fair value	Cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Estimated fair value
Marketable securities:								
Government debt securities	22,330	3	36	22,297	20,042	2	9	20,035
Corporate debt securities	26,269	1	31	26,239	49,771	73	50	49,794
Total marketable securities	48,599	4	67	48,536	69,813	75	59	69,829
Investment securities:								
Government debt securities	50,115	118	86	50,147	37,713	6	276	37,443
Corporate debt securities	87,485	150	529	87,106	58,253	98	1,309	57,042
Equity securities	107,869	82,829	627	190,071	83,502	95,355	397	178,460
Total investment securities	245,469	83,097	1,242	327,324	179,468	95,459	1,982	272,945
Total	294,068	83,101	1,309	375,860	249,281	95,534	2,041	342,774

Note:

This statement is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All debt and equity securities held by FUJIFILM Holdings Corporation and subsidiaries as available-for-sale securities.

Accounting change:

On March 31, 2007, the Company adopted the recognition and disclosure provisions of FASB Statement No.158, Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, an amendment of FASB Statement No.87, 88,106, and 132(R)("SFAS158"). SFAS158 required the Company to recognize the funded status (i.e., the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the projected benefit obligations) of its pension plan in the March 31, 2007 statement of financial position with a corresponding adjustment to the accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax. The adjustment to the accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at adoption represents the net unrecognized actuarial losses, initial adoption of SFAS 87, all of which were previously netted against the plan's funded status in the Company's statement of financial position pursuant to the provision of SFAS 87. As a result of the adoption, the accrued pension and severance costs increased by 21,673 million yen, the prepaid pension costs decreased by 6,199 million yen, and the accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax decreased by 18,887 million yen. The adoption of SFAS 158 had no effect on the Company's consolidated statement of income for the year ended March 31, 2007.

<Reference>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (The Fourth Quarter)

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Three montes ended March 31, 2007 From January 1, 2007 To March 31, 2007		Three montes ended March 31, 2006 From January 1, 2006 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:	%		%			
Sales		618,412		589,085	29,327	5.0
Rentals		95,596		93,105	2,491	2.7
	100.0	714,008	100.0	682,190	31,818	4.7
Cost of sales:						
Sales		395,477		366,054	29,423	8.0
Rentals		40,284		43,974	(3,690)	(8.4)
	61.0	435,761	60.1	410,028	25,733	6.3
Gross profit	39.0	278,247	39.9	272,162	6,085	2.2
Operating expenses:						
Selling, general and administrative	27.1	193,240	26.7	182,320	10,920	6.0
Research and development	6.2	43,925	6.6	44,857	(932)	(2.1)
Restructuring and other charges	6.9	49,479	11.2	76,213	(26,734)	(35.1)
	40.2	286,644	44.5	303,390	(16,746)	(5.5)
Operating loss	(1.2)	(8,397)	(4.6)	(31,228)	22,831	73.1
Other income (expenses):						
Interest and dividend income		3,751		1,917	1,834	
Interest expense		(1,940)		(800)	(1,140)	
Foreign exchange gains, net		500		580	(80)	
Decline in value of investment securities		(1,914)		(63)	(1,851)	
Other, net		(1,006)		(697)	(309)	
	(0.1)	(609)	0.2	937	(1,546)	-
Loss before income taxes	(1.3)	(9,006)	(4.4)	(30,291)	21,285	70.3
Income taxes	0.7	4,871	(1.4)	(9,758)	14,629	-
Loss before minority interests and equity in net earnings of affiliated companies	(2.0)	(13,877)	(3.0)	(20,533)	6,656	32.4
Minority interests	(0.2)	(1,310)	(0.6)	(4,224)	2,914	69.0
Equity in net earnings of affiliated companies	0.2	1,208	0.2	1,548	(340)	(22.0)
Net loss	(2.0)	(13,979)	(3.4)	(23,209)	9,230	39.8

<Reference>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW (The Fourth Quarter)

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Three months ended March 31, 2007 From January 1, 2007 To March 31, 2007	Three months ended March 31, 2006 From January 1, 2006 To March 31, 2006
Operating activities		
Net loss	(13,979)	(23,209)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	56,316	68,730
Impairment losses for long-lived assets and goodwill	12,202	42,121
Decline in value of investment securities	1,914	63
Minority interests	1,310	4,224
Equity in net earnings of affiliated companies, less dividends received	(1,187)	(1,535)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Notes and accounts receivable	(5,122)	10,605
Inventories	27,826	16,804
Notes and accounts payable - trade	4,419	(10,166)
Accrued income taxes and other liabilities	43,867	13,608
Other	(14,530)	(7,258)
Subtotal	127,015	137,196
Net cash provided by operating activities	113,036	113,987
Investing activities		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(51,492)	(57,451)
Purchases of software	(6,693)	(4,507)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of marketable and investment securities	33,482	21,323
Purchases of marketable and investment securities	(34,621)	(6,644)
Increase in investments in and advances to affiliated companies	(1,575)	(14,138)
Acquisitions of businesses and minority interests, net of cash acquired	(4,099)	(30,170)
Other	(604)	(10,339)
Net cash used in investing activities	(65,602)	(101,926)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from long-term debt	630	901
Repayments of long-term debt	(5,181)	(14,379)
Decrease in short-term debt, net	(13,413)	(38,818)
Cash dividends paid to minority interests	-	(231)
Sales (Purchases) of stock for treasury, net	(38)	265
Net cash used in financing activities	(18,002)	(52,262)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	677	922
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	30,109	(39,279)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	354,610	257,877
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	384,719	218,598

<Reference>

DETAILS OF CONSOLIDATED REVENUE (The Fourth Quarter)

1. Revenue by Product

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Three months ended March 31, 2007 From January 1, 2007 To March 31, 2007		Three months ended March 31, 2006 From January 1, 2006 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:						
Imaging Solutions	17.8%	127,334	21.5%	146,272	(18,938)	(12.9)
Information Solutions	38.6%	275,785	35.2%	240,376	35,409	14.7
Document Solutions	43.6%	310,889	43.3%	295,542	15,347	5.2
Consolidated total	100.0%	714,008	100.0%	682,190	31,818	4.7

Note: Major products and services of each operating segment are as follows:

Imaging Solutions	Color films, digital cameras, photofinishing equipment and color paper, chemicals and services for photofinishing
Information Solutions	Equipment and materials for medical system and life science, equipment and materials for graphic arts, flat panel display materials, recording media, optical devices, electronic materials and inkjet materials
Document Solutions	Office copy machines/MFPs, printers, production systems and services, paper, consumables and office services

2. Domestic and Overseas Revenue

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Three months ended March 31, 2007 From January 1, 2007 To March 31, 2007		Three months ended March 31, 2006 From January 1, 2006 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
Revenue:						
Domestic	48.1%	343,469	51.7%	352,953	(9,484)	(2.7)
Overseas						
The Americas	19.2%	137,370	19.1%	130,420	6,950	5.3
Europe	15.1%	107,472	13.1%	89,080	18,392	20.6
Asia and others	17.6%	125,697	16.1%	109,737	15,960	14.5
Subtotal	51.9%	370,539	48.3%	329,237	41,302	12.5
Consolidated total	100.0%	714,008	100.0%	682,190	31,818	4.7

BALANCE SHEETS (Non-Consolidated)

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	As of March 31, 2007		As of March 31, 2006		Change
ASSETS	%		%		
Current assets:					
Cash on hand and in banks	101,460		60,330		41,129
Trade notes receivable	-		1,872		(1,872)
Trade accounts receivable	-		152,077		(152,077)
Other accounts receivable	5,511		26,978		(21,466)
Income taxes refundable	3,758		-		3,758
Short-term loans receivable	26,902		62,811		(35,908)
Marketable securities	48,505		69,828		(21,322)
	10.3	186,138	20.0	373,899	(187,760)
Finished goods	-		33,962		(33,962)
Semi-finished goods, work in process	-		31,001		(31,001)
Raw materials	-		13,752		(13,752)
Supplies	-		10,552		(10,552)
	-	-	4.8	89,269	(89,269)
Deferred income taxes	291		18,365		(18,074)
Other current assets	1,200		2,892		(1,692)
Allowance for doubtful receivables	-		(240)		240
Total current assets	10.3	187,630	25.9	484,187	(296,557)
Fixed assets:					
Property, plant and equipment					
Buildings	1,854		111,090		(109,236)
Structures	-		9,543		(9,543)
Machinery and equipment	205		154,784		(154,579)
Automotive equipment	233		24,021		(23,787)
Land	-		27,177		(27,177)
Construction in progress	-		22,555		(22,555)
Subtotal	0.1	2,293	18.7	349,172	(346,878)
Intangible assets					
Software	383		32,985		(32,602)
Utility rights	-		7,596		(7,596)
Subtotal	0.0	383	2.2	40,581	(40,198)
Investments and other assets					
Investment securities	188,940		268,999		(80,059)
Stock of affiliated company	1,367,079		685,297		681,782
Long-term loans receivable	57,510		29,331		28,178
Long-term prepaid expenses	-		5,443		(5,443)
Long-term prepaid pension costs	-		2,753		(2,753)
Long-term deferred income taxes	7,105		-		7,105
Other investments	4,352		3,010		1,341
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(3)		(380)		376
Subtotal	89.6	1,624,984	53.2	994,455	630,529
Total fixed assets	89.7	1,627,661	74.1	1,384,209	243,452
Total Assets	100.0	1,815,292	100.0	1,868,397	(53,105)

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	As of March 31, 2007		As of March 31, 2006		Change
LIABILITIES	%		%		
Current liabilities:					
Trade notes payable		77		12,497	(12,420)
Trade accounts payable		-		71,157	(71,157)
Short-term debt		25,000		23,435	1,564
Other accounts payable		987		33,333	(32,345)
Accrued income taxes		-		5,984	(5,984)
Accrued expenses		360		62,479	(62,119)
Other current liabilities		48		4,544	(4,495)
Total current liabilities	1.5	26,474	11.4	213,432	(186,958)
Long-term liabilities:					
Convertible bond type-bonds with stock acquisition rights		201,474		-	201,474
Customers' guarantee deposits		-		4,853	(4,853)
Deferred income taxes		-		38,690	(38,690)
Accrued pension and severance costs		-		3,444	(3,444)
Directors' retirement benefit		-		412	(412)
Other long-term liabilities		404		1,753	(1,348)
Total long-term liabilities	11.1	201,878	2.7	49,154	152,724
Total liabilities	12.6	228,352	14.1	262,586	(34,234)

Amount unit: Millions of yen

	As of March 31, 2007		As of March 31, 2006		Change
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	%		%		
Common stock	-	-	2.2	40,363	-
Capital surplus	-	-	3.4	63,636	-
Additional paid-in capital					
Retained earnings	-	-			-
Legal reserve			0.5	10,090	
Reserve for dividends		-		280	-
Reserve for retirement allowance		-		280	-
Reserve for R&D		-		285	-
Reserve for accelerated depreciation		-		3,411	-
Reserve for deferred capital gain for reinvestment in property		-		3,601	-
General reserve		-		1,398,305	-
Total voluntary reserve	-	-	75.3	1,406,162	-
Unappropriated retained earnings	-	-	2.8	52,521	-
Total retained earnings	-	-	78.6	1,468,774	-
Unrealized gains on securities	-	-	2.7	49,817	-
Treasury stocks		-	(1.0)	(16,780)	-
Total shareholders' equity	-	-	85.9	1,605,810	-
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	-	-	100.0	1,868,397	-
NET ASSETS					
Shareholders' equity					
Common stock	2.2	40,363	-	-	-
Capital surplus					
Additional paid in capital	3.5	63,636	-	-	-
Retained earnings					
Legal reserve		10,090	-	-	-
Other retained earnings					
Reserve for dividends		280	-	-	-
Reserve for retirement allowance		280	-	-	-
Reserve for R&D		285	-	-	-
Other reserve		1,428,305	-	-	-
Retained earnings brought forward		54,948	-	-	-
Total retained earnings	82.3	1,494,189	-	-	-
Treasury stock	(0.7)	(13,361)	-	-	-
Total shareholders' equity	87.3	1,584,827	-	-	-
Valuation and translation adjustments					
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	0.1	2,111	-	-	-
Total net assets	87.4	1,586,939	-	-	-
Total liabilities and net assets	100.0	1,815,292	-	-	-

STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Non-Consolidated)

Amount Unit: Millions of yen

	Year ended March 31, 2007 From April 1, 2006 To March 31, 2007		Year ended March 31, 2006 From April 1, 2005 To March 31, 2006		Change	
					Amount	%
	%		%			
Net Sales	98.1	377,396	100.0	748,255	(370,859)	(49.6)
Operating revenue	1.9	7,248	-	-	7,248	-
Revenue	100.0	384,644	100.0	748,255	(363,611)	(48.6)
Cost of sales	62.8	241,674	65.7	491,402	(249,728)	(50.8)
Gross profit	37.2	142,970	34.3	256,853	(113,883)	(44.3)
Selling, general and administrative	14.2	54,962	14.7	110,246	(55,284)	(50.1)
Research and development	11.0	42,125	11.3	84,502	(42,377)	(50.1)
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	25.2	97,088	26.0	194,748	(97,661)	(50.1)
Operating income	11.9	45,882	8.3	62,103	(16,221)	(26.1)
Other income						
Interest income		3,412		3,664	(251)	(6.9)
Dividend income		14,348		19,515	(5,166)	(26.5)
Miscellaneous income		3,883		3,698	184	5.0
Total other income	5.6	21,644	3.6	26,878	(5,233)	(19.5)
Other expenses						
Interest expenses		2,255		199	2,056	1,032.2
Bank charges for export drafts discounted		251		446	(195)	(43.7)
Miscellaneous expenses		1,444		4,209	(2,764)	(65.7)
Total other expenses	1.1	3,951	0.7	4,855	(903)	(18.6)
Ordinary income	16.5	63,575	11.2	84,126	(20,551)	(24.4)
Extraordinary Losses						
Losses on disposal of fixed assets		2,381		4,541	(2,159)	(47.6)
Restructuring charges		12,824		16,487	(3,662)	(22.2)
Total extraordinary losses	3.9	15,205	2.8	21,028	(5,822)	(27.7)
Net income before income taxes	12.6	48,369	8.4	63,098	(14,729)	(23.3)
Current income taxes	1.3	5,100	1.8	13,400	(8,300)	(61.9)
Deferred income taxes		4,878		6,331	(1,452)	(22.9)
Net income	10.0	38,390	5.8	43,367	(4,976)	(11.5)
Retained earnings brought forward		-		15,521	-	
Interim dividends paid		-		6,367	-	
Losses from treasury stock transactions		-		0	-	
Unappropriated retained earnings		-		52,521	-	

NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

Amount unit: Millions of yen

	Shareholder's equity							Valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets
	Common Stock	Capital Surplus	Retained earnings			Treasury stock	Total shareholders equity	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	
		Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Other retained earnings*	Total retained earnings				
Balance of March 31, 2006	40,363	63,636	10,090	1,458,683	1,468,774	(16,780)	1,555,993	49,817	1,605,810
Changes in the term									
Dividends from surplus				(12,754)	(12,754)		(12,754)		(12,754)
Directors' bonus				(103)	(103)		(103)		(103)
Net income				38,390	38,390		38,390		38,390
Purchase of treasury stock						(711)	(711)		(711)
Disposal of treasury stock				(117)	(117)	4,131	4,013		4,013
Net change of unrealized gains on securities								(47,705)	(47,705)
Total changes in the term				25,414	25,414	3,419	28,834	(47,705)	(18,871)
Balance of March 31, 2007	40,363	63,636	10,090	1,484,098	1,494,189	(13,361)	1,584,827	2,111	1,586,939

*Notes: Breakdown of other retained earnings

Amount unit: Millions of yen

	Reserve for dividends	Reserve for retirement allowance	Reserve for R&D	Reserve for accelerated depreciation	Reserve for deferred capital gain for reinvestment in property	Other reserve	Retained earnings brought forward	Total other retained earnings
Balance of March 31, 2006	280	280	285	3,411	3,601	1,398,305	52,521	1,458,683
Changes in the term								
Dividends from surplus							(12,754)	(12,754)
Directors' bonus							(103)	(103)
Reserve for accelerated depreciation				1,852			(1,852)	
Reversal of reserve for accelerated depreciation				(5,264)			5,264	
Reversal of reserve for deferred capital gain for reinvestment in property					(3,601)		3,601	
Other reserve						30,000	(30,000)	
Net income							38,390	38,390
Disposal of treasury stock							(117)	(117)
Total changes in the term				(3,411)	(3,601)	30,000	2,427	25,414
Balance of March 31, 2007	280	280	285	-	-	1,428,305	54,948	1,484,098